



**WILMSLOW  
HIGH SCHOOL**

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**A level Mathematics  
Year 11 to 12 transition**

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## Expanding brackets and simplifying expressions

### Answers

**1**   **a**    $6x - 3$                                       **b**    $-10pq - 8q^2$   
**c**    $-3xy + 2y^2$

**2**   **a**    $21x + 35 + 12x - 48 = 33x - 13$   
**b**    $40p - 16 - 12p - 27 = 28p - 43$   
**c**    $27s + 9 - 30s + 50 = -3s + 59 = 59 - 3s$   
**d**    $8x - 6 - 3x - 5 = 5x - 11$

**3**   **a**    $12x^2 + 24x$                                       **b**    $20k^3 - 48k$   
**c**    $10h - 12h^3 - 22h^2$                               **d**    $21s^2 - 21s^3 - 6s$

**4**   **a**    $-y^2 - 4$                                       **b**    $5x^2 - 11x$   
**c**    $2p - 7p^2$     **d**    $6b^2$

**5**    $y - 4$

**6**   **a**    $-1 - 2m$                                       **b**    $5p^3 + 12p^2 + 27p$

**7**    $7x(3x - 5) = 21x^2 - 35x$

**8**   **a**    $x^2 + 9x + 20$                                       **b**    $x^2 + 10x + 21$   
**c**    $x^2 + 5x - 14$                                       **d**    $x^2 - 25$   
**e**    $2x^2 + x - 3$     **f**    $6x^2 - x - 2$   
**g**    $10x^2 - 31x + 15$                                       **h**    $12x^2 + 13x - 14$   
**i**    $18x^2 + 39xy + 20y^2$                                       **j**    $x^2 + 10x + 25$   
**k**    $4x^2 - 28x + 49$     **l**    $16x^2 - 24xy + 9y^2$

**9**    $2x^2 - 2x + 25$

**10**   **a**    $x^2 - 1 - \frac{2}{x^2}$                                       **b**    $x^2 + 2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$

## Factorising expressions

### Answers

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**1**   **a**  $2x^3y^3(3x - 5y)$       **b**  $7a^3b^2(3b^3 + 5a^2)$   
**c**  $5x^2y^2(5 - 2x + 3y)$

**2**   **a**  $(x + 3)(x + 4)$       **b**  $(x + 7)(x - 2)$   
**c**  $(x - 5)(x - 6)$       **d**  $(x - 8)(x + 3)$   
**e**  $(x - 9)(x + 2)$       **f**  $(x + 5)(x - 4)$   
**g**  $(x - 8)(x + 5)$       **h**  $(x + 7)(x - 4)$

**3**   **a**  $(6x - 7y)(6x + 7y)$       **b**  $(2x - 9y)(2x + 9y)$   
**c**  $2(3a - 10bc)(3a + 10bc)$

**4**   **a**  $(x - 1)(2x + 3)$       **b**  $(3x + 1)(2x + 5)$   
**c**  $(2x + 1)(x + 3)$       **d**  $(3x - 1)(3x - 4)$   
**e**  $(5x + 3)(2x + 3)$       **f**  $2(3x - 2)(2x - 5)$

**5**   **a**  $\frac{2(x + 2)}{x - 1}$       **b**  $\frac{x}{x - 1}$   
**c**  $\frac{x + 2}{x}$       **d**  $\frac{x}{x + 5}$   
**e**  $\frac{x + 3}{x}$       **f**  $\frac{x}{x - 5}$

**6**   **a**  $\frac{3x + 4}{x + 7}$       **b**  $\frac{2x + 3}{3x - 2}$   
**c**  $\frac{2 - 5x}{2x - 3}$       **d**  $\frac{3x + 1}{x + 4}$

**7**    $(x + 5)$

**8**    $\frac{4(x + 2)}{x - 2}$

## Rules of indices

### Answers

1 a 1

b 1

c 1

d 1

2 a 7

b 4

c 5

d 2

3 a 125

b 32

c 343

d 8

4 a  $\frac{1}{25}$

b  $\frac{1}{64}$

c  $\frac{1}{32}$

d  $\frac{1}{36}$

5 a  $\frac{3x^3}{2}$

b  $5x^2$

c  $3x$

d  $\frac{y}{2x^2}$

e  $y^{\frac{1}{2}}$

f  $c^{-3}$

g  $2x^6$

h  $x$

6 a  $\frac{1}{2}$

b  $\frac{1}{9}$

c  $\frac{8}{3}$

d  $\frac{1}{4}$

e  $\frac{4}{3}$

f  $\frac{16}{9}$

7 a  $x^{-1}$

b  $x^{-7}$

c  $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

d  $x^{\frac{2}{5}}$

e  $x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

f  $x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

8 a  $\frac{1}{x^3}$

b 1

c  $\sqrt[5]{x}$

d  $\sqrt[5]{x^2}$

e  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

f  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{x^3}}$

9 a  $5x^{2^{-1}}$

b  $2x^{-3^{-1}}$

c  $\frac{1}{3}x^{-4}$

d  $2x^{-2^{-1}}$

e  $4x^{-3^{-1}}$

f  $3x^0$

10 a  $x^3 + x^{-2}$

b  $x^3 + x$

c  $x^{-2} + x^{-7}$

## Surds

### Answers

**1**   a    $3\sqrt{5}$                                   b    $5\sqrt{5}$

c    $4\sqrt{3}$

d    $5\sqrt{7}$

e    $10\sqrt{3}$

f    $2\sqrt{7}$

g    $6\sqrt{2}$

h    $9\sqrt{2}$

**2**   a    $15\sqrt{2}$                                   b    $\sqrt{5}$

c    $3\sqrt{2}$

d    $\sqrt{3}$

e    $6\sqrt{7}$

f    $5\sqrt{3}$

**3**   a    $-1$     b    $9 - \sqrt{3}$

c    $10\sqrt{5} - 7$

d    $26 - 4\sqrt{2}$

**4**   a    $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$     b    $\frac{\sqrt{11}}{11}$

c    $\frac{2\sqrt{7}}{7}$

d    $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

e    $\sqrt{2}$

f    $\sqrt{5}$

g    $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

h    $\frac{1}{3}$

**5**   a    $\frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{4}$     b    $\frac{2(4-\sqrt{3})}{13}$     c    $\frac{6(5+\sqrt{2})}{23}$

**6**    $x - y$

**7**   a    $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$     b    $\frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}{x - y}$

## Rearranging equations

### Answers

**1**  $d = \frac{C}{\pi}$

**2**  $w = \frac{P - 2l}{2}$

**3**  $T = \frac{S}{D}$

**4**  $t = \frac{q - r}{p}$

**5**  $t = \frac{2u}{2a - 1}$

**6**  $x = \frac{V}{a + 4}$

**7**  $y = 2 + 3x$

**8**  $a = \frac{3x + 1}{x + 2}$

**9**  $d = \frac{b - c}{x}$

**10**  $g = \frac{2h + 9}{7 - h}$

**11**  $e = \frac{1}{x + 7}$

**12**  $x = \frac{4y - 3}{2 + y}$

**13 a**  $r = \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}}$

**b**  $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}}$

**a**  $r = \frac{P}{\pi + 2}$

**b**  $r = \sqrt{\frac{3V}{2\pi h}}$

**14 a**  $x = \frac{abz}{cdy}$

**b**  $x = \frac{3dz}{4\pi cpy^2}$

**15**  $\sin B = \frac{b \sin A}{a}$

**16**  $\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac}$

**17 a**  $x = \frac{q + pt}{q - ps}$

**b**  $x = \frac{3py + 2pqy}{3p - apq} = \frac{y(3 + 2q)}{3 - aq}$

## Completing the square

### Answers

- 1**   **a**    $(x + 2)^2 - 1$       **b**    $(x - 5)^2 - 28$   
**c**    $(x - 4)^2 - 16$       **d**    $(x + 3)^2 - 9$   
**e**    $(x - 1)^2 + 6$       **f**    $\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{17}{4}$
- 2**   **a**    $2(x - 2)^2 - 24$       **b**    $4(x - 1)^2 - 20$   
**c**    $3(x + 2)^2 - 21$       **d**    $2\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{25}{2}$
- 3**   **a**    $2\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{39}{8}$       **b**    $3\left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{3}$   
**c**    $5\left(x + \frac{3}{10}\right)^2 - \frac{9}{20}$       **d**    $3\left(x + \frac{5}{6}\right)^2 + \frac{11}{12}$
- 4**    $(5x + 3)^2 + 3$



## Solving quadratic equations by factorisation

### Answers

- |          |          |                               |          |                               |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>a</b> | $x = 0$ or $x = -\frac{2}{3}$ | <b>b</b> | $x = 0$ or $x = \frac{3}{4}$  |
|          | <b>c</b> | $x = -5$ or $x = -2$          | <b>d</b> | $x = 2$ or $x = 3$            |
|          | <b>e</b> | $x = -1$ or $x = 4$           | <b>f</b> | $x = -5$ or $x = 2$           |
|          | <b>g</b> | $x = 4$ or $x = 6$            | <b>h</b> | $x = -6$ or $x = 6$           |
|          | <b>i</b> | $x = -7$ or $x = 4$           | <b>j</b> | $x = 3$                       |
|          | <b>k</b> | $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ or $x = 4$ | <b>l</b> | $x = -\frac{2}{3}$ or $x = 5$ |
- 
- |          |          |                                |          |                               |
|----------|----------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| <b>2</b> | <b>a</b> | $x = -2$ or $x = 5$            | <b>b</b> | $x = -1$ or $x = 3$           |
|          | <b>c</b> | $x = -8$ or $x = 3$            | <b>d</b> | $x = -6$ or $x = 7$           |
|          | <b>e</b> | $x = -5$ or $x = 5$            | <b>f</b> | $x = -4$ or $x = 7$           |
|          | <b>g</b> | $x = -3$ or $x = 2\frac{1}{2}$ | <b>h</b> | $x = -\frac{1}{3}$ or $x = 2$ |

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## **Solving quadratic equations by completing the square**

### **Answers**

3    a     $x = 2 + \sqrt{7}$  or  $x = 2 - \sqrt{7}$               b     $x = 5 + \sqrt{21}$  or  $x = 5 - \sqrt{21}$

c     $x = -4 + \sqrt{21}$  or  $x = -4 - \sqrt{21}$       d     $x = 1 + \sqrt{7}$  or  $x = 1 - \sqrt{7}$

$\sqrt{6.5}$

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— —

— —

— —

— —

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**e**     $x = -2 +$

**4**    **a**     $x = 1 + \sqrt{14}$

**c**     $x = \frac{5 + \sqrt{13}}{2}$

$$\text{or } x = -2 - \sqrt{6.5}$$

$$\text{or } x = 1 - \text{ or } x = \sqrt{14}$$

$$\frac{5-\sqrt{13}}{2}$$

**f**       $x =$

**b**       $x =$

$$\frac{-3+\sqrt{89}}{10}$$

$$\frac{-3+\sqrt{23}}{2}$$

or  $x =$

or  $x =$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 - 89 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 - 23 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

## Solving quadratic equations by using the formula

### Answers

5    a     $x = -1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$  or  $x = -1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$     b     $x = 1 + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$  or  $x = 1 - \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$

6     $x = \frac{7+\sqrt{41}}{2}$  or  $x = \frac{7-\sqrt{41}}{2}$

7     $x = \frac{-3+\sqrt{89}}{20}$  or  $x = \frac{-3-\sqrt{89}}{20}$

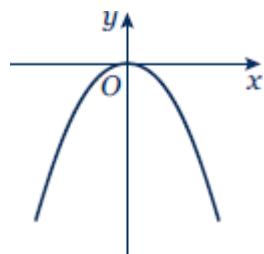
8    a     $x = \frac{7+\sqrt{17}}{8}$  or  $x = \frac{7-\sqrt{17}}{8}$   
b     $x = -1 + \sqrt{10}$  or  $x = -1 - \sqrt{10}$   
c     $x = -1\frac{2}{3}$  or  $x = 2$

$$\frac{\sqrt{}}{\sqrt{}} \quad \frac{\sqrt{}}{\sqrt{}}$$

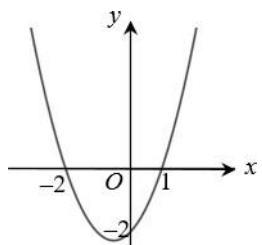
## Sketching quadratic graphs

### Answers

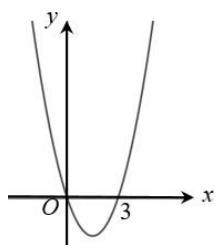
1



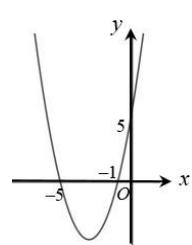
2 a



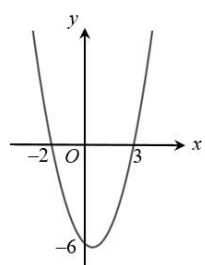
b



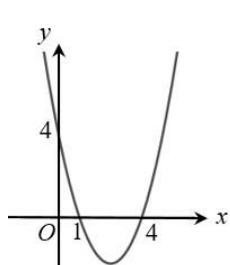
c



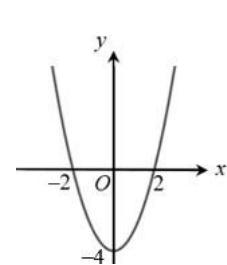
3 a



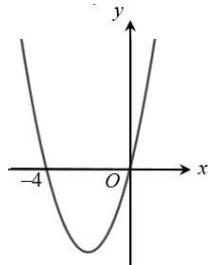
b



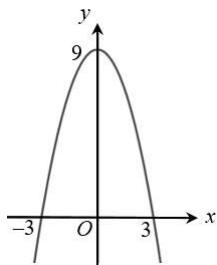
c



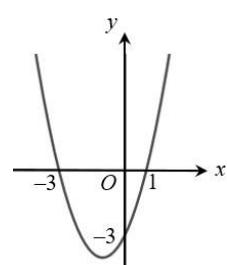
d



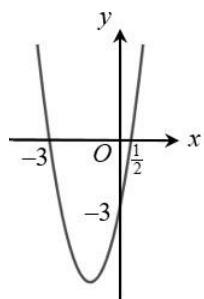
e



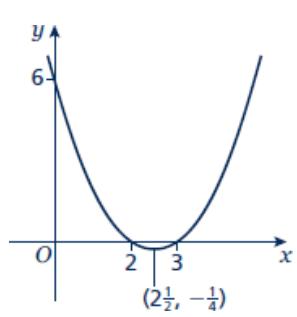
f



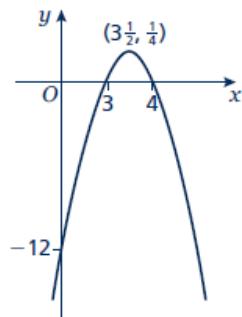
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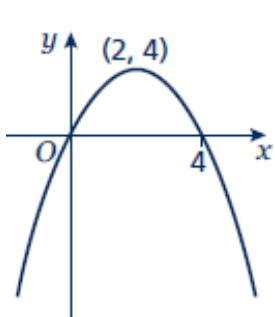
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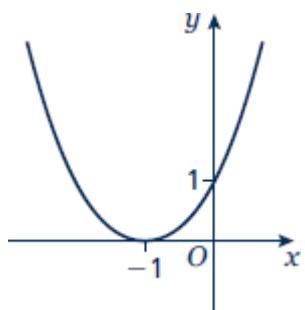
b



c



6



Line of symmetry at  $x = -1$ .

## Solving linear simultaneous equations by elimination

### Answers

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**1**     $x = 1, y = 4$

**2**     $x = 3, y = -2$

**3**     $x = 2, y = -5$

**4**     $x = 3, y = -\frac{1}{2}$

**5**     $x = 6, y = -1$

**6**     $x = -2, y = 5$

## Solving linear simultaneous equations by substitution

### Answers

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**7**  $x = 9, y = 5$

**8**  $x = -2, y = -7$

**9**  $x = \frac{1}{2}, y = 3\frac{1}{2}$

**10**  $x = \frac{1}{2}, y = 3$

**11**  $x = -4, y = 5$

**12**  $x = -2, y = -5$

**13**  $x = \frac{1}{4}, y = 1\frac{3}{4}$

**14**  $x = -2, y = 2\frac{1}{2}$

**15**  $x = -2\frac{1}{2}, y = 5\frac{1}{2}$

## Solving linear and quadratic simultaneous equations

### Answers

1  $x = 1, y = 3$

$$x = -\frac{9}{5}, y = -\frac{13}{5}$$

2  $x = 2, y = 4$

$$x = 4, y = 2$$

3  $x = 1, y = -2$

$$x = 2, y = -1$$

4  $x = 4, y = 1$

$$x = \frac{16}{5}, y = \frac{13}{5}$$

5  $x = 3, y = 4$

$$x = 2, y = 1$$

6  $x = 7, y = 2$

$$x = -1, y = -6$$

7  $x = 0, y = 5$

$$x = -5, y = 0$$

8  $x = -\frac{8}{3}, y = -\frac{19}{3}$

$$x = 3, y = 5$$

9  $x = -2, y = -4$

$$x = 2, y = 4$$

10  $x = \frac{5}{2}, y = 6$

$$x = 3, y = 5$$

11  $x = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}, y = \frac{-1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$

$$x = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}, y = \frac{-1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

12  $x = \frac{-1+\sqrt{7}}{2}, y = \frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{2}$

$$x = \frac{-1-\sqrt{7}}{2}, y = \frac{3-\sqrt{7}}{2}$$

## Solving simultaneous equations graphically

### Answers

- 1**   **a**    $x = 2, y = 5$   
**b**    $x = 2, y = -3$   
**b**    $x = -0.5, y = 2.5$
- 2**   **a**    $x = -2, y = 2$   
**b**    $x = 0.5, y = 0.5$   
**c**    $x = -1, y = -2$
- 3**   **a**    $x = 1, y = 0$  and  $x = 4, y = 3$   
**b**    $x = -2, y = 7$  and  $x = 2, y = -5$   
**c**    $x = -2, y = 5$  and  $x = -1, y = 4$
- 4**    $x = -3, y = 4$  and  $x = 4, y = -3$
- 5**   **a**   **i**    $x = 2.5, y = -2$  and  $x = -0.5, y = 4$   
**ii**    $x = 2.41, y = -1.83$  and  $x = -0.41, y = 3.83$   
**b**   Solving algebraically gives the more accurate solutions as the solutions from the graph are only estimates, based on the accuracy of your graph.

## Linear inequalities

### Answers

- |          |          |   |          |                      |          |             |
|----------|----------|---|----------|----------------------|----------|-------------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>a</b> | $x > 4$                                 | <b>b</b> | $x \leq 2$           | <b>c</b> | $x \leq -1$ |
|          | <b>d</b> | $x > -\frac{7}{2}$                      | <b>e</b> | $x \geq 10$          | <b>f</b> | $x < -15$   |
| <b>2</b> | <b>a</b> | $x < -20$                               | <b>b</b> | $x \leq 3.5$         | <b>c</b> | $x < 4$     |
| <b>3</b> | <b>a</b> | $x \leq -4$                             | <b>b</b> | $-1 \leq x < 5$      | <b>c</b> | $x \leq 1$  |
|          | <b>d</b> | $x < -3$                                | <b>e</b> | $x > 2$              | <b>f</b> | $x \leq -6$ |
| <b>4</b> | <b>a</b> | $t < \frac{5}{2}$                       | <b>b</b> | $n \geq \frac{7}{5}$ |          |             |
| <b>5</b> | <b>a</b> | $x < -6$                                | <b>b</b> | $x < \frac{3}{2}$    |          |             |
| <b>6</b> |          | $x > 5$ (which also satisfies $x > 3$ ) |          |                      |          |             |

## Quadratic inequalities

### Answers

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**1**  $-7 \leq x \leq 4$

**2**  $x \leq -2$  or  $x \geq 6$

**3**  $\frac{1}{2} < x < 3$

**4**  $x < -\frac{3}{2}$  or  $x > \frac{1}{2}$

**5**  $-3 \leq x \leq 4$

**6**  $-3 \leq x \leq 2$

**7**  $2 < x < 2\frac{1}{2}$

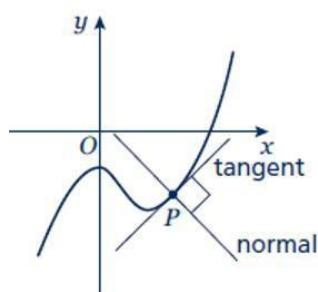
**8**  $x \leq -\frac{3}{2}$  or  $x \geq \frac{5}{3}$

## Sketching cubic and reciprocal graphs

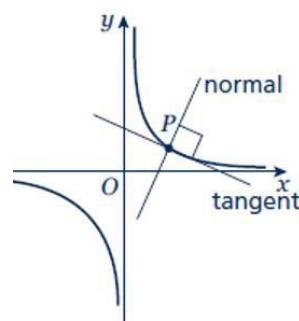
### Answers

- 1 a** i – C  
ii – E  
iii – B  
iv – A  
v – F  
vi – D

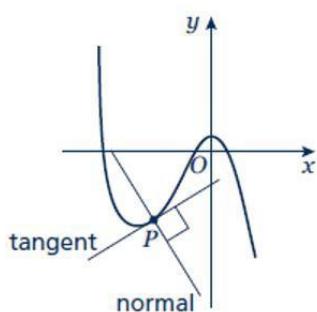
**b ii**



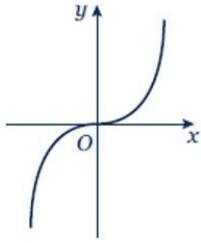
**iv**



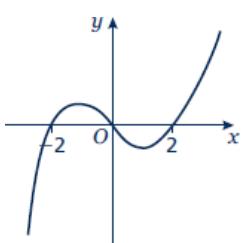
**vi**



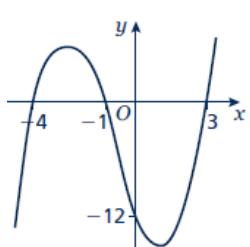
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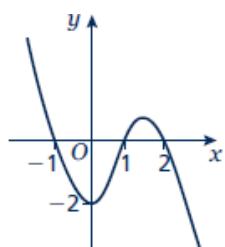
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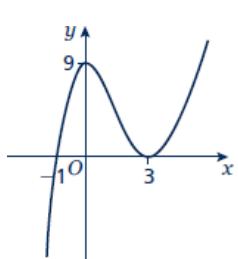
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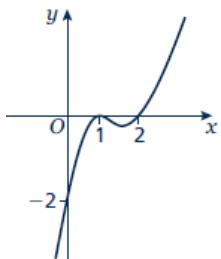
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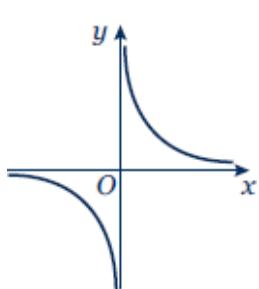
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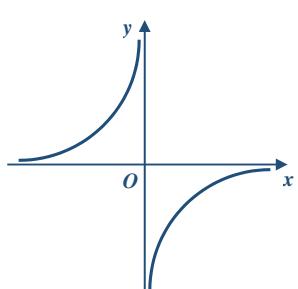
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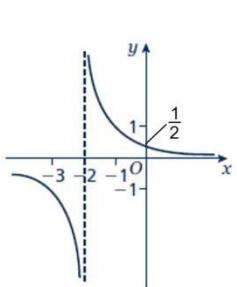
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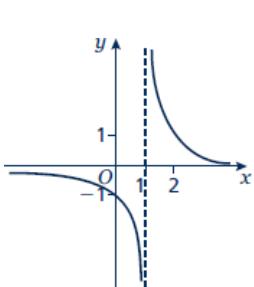
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10



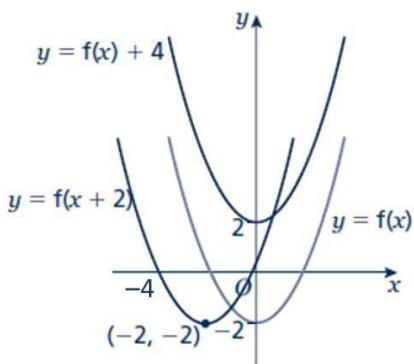
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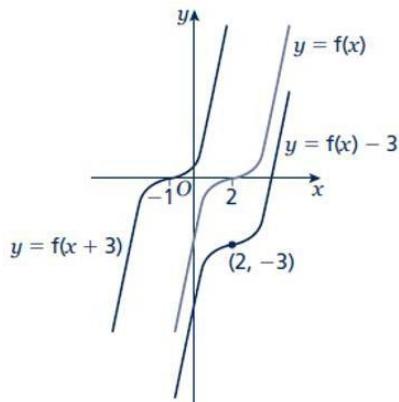
## Translating graphs

### Answers

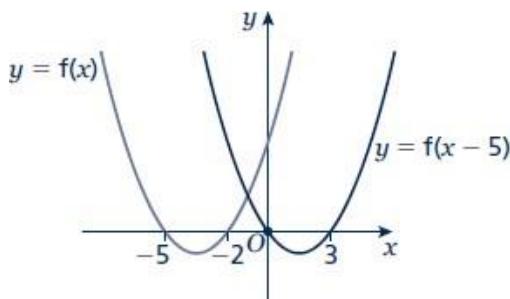
**1**



**2**



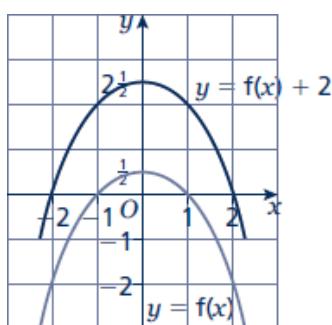
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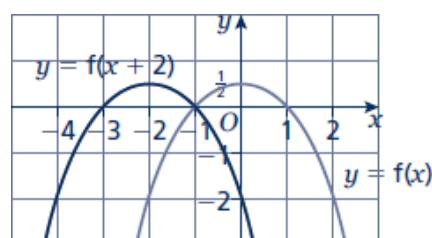
**4**     $C_1: y = f(x - 90^\circ)$   
 $C_2: y = f(x) - 2$

**5**     $C_1: y = f(x - 5)$   
 $C_2: y = f(x) - 3$

**6**    **a**



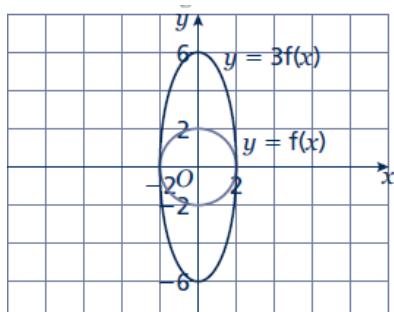
**b**



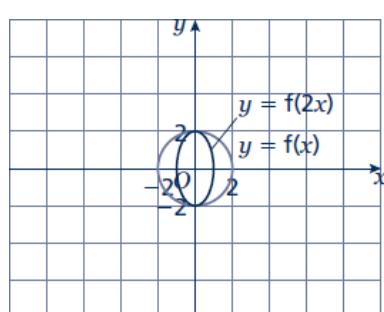
## Stretching graphs

### Answers

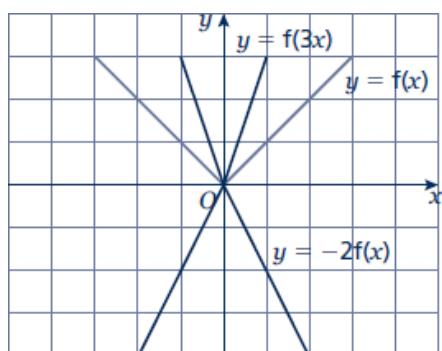
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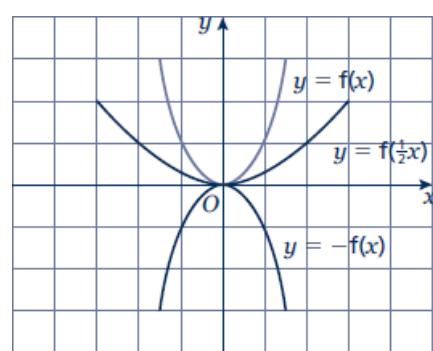
**b**



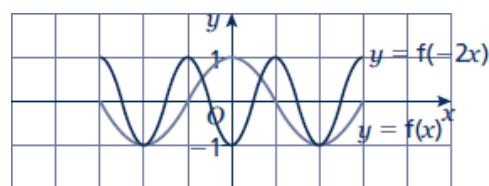
**8**



**9**



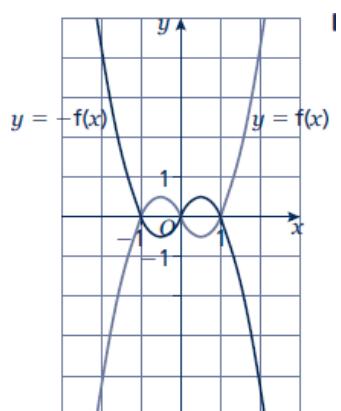
**10**



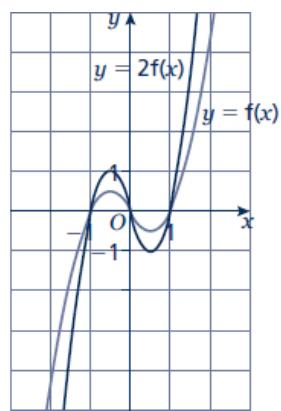
**11**  $y = f(2x)$

**12**  $y = -2f(2x)$  or  $y = 2f(-2x)$

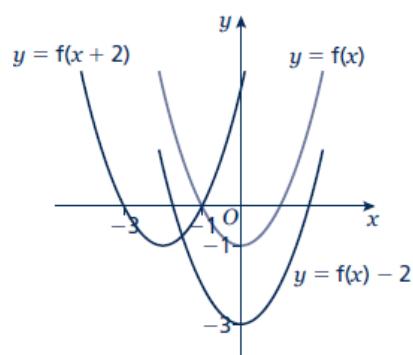
13 a



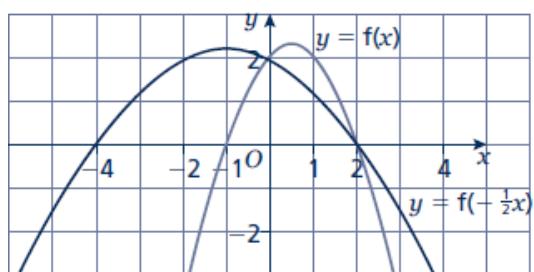
b



14



15



## Straight line graphs

### Answers

- 1**   **a**    $m = 3, c = 5$                               **b**    $m = -\frac{1}{2}, c = -7$   
**c**    $m = 2, c = -\frac{3}{2}$                               **d**    $m = -1, c = 5$   
**e**    $m = \frac{2}{3}, c = -\frac{7}{3}$  or  $-2\frac{1}{3}$                       **f**    $m = -5, c = 4$

**2**

Gradient	y-intercept	Equation of the line
5	0	$y = 5x$
-3	2	$y = -3x + 2$
4	-7	$y = 4x - 7$

- 3**   **a**    $x + 2y + 14 = 0$                       **b**    $2x - y = 0$   
**c**    $2x - 3y + 12 = 0$                       **d**    $6x + 5y + 10 = 0$

**4**    $y = 4x - 3$

- 5**    $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 7$
- 6**   **a**    $y = 2x - 3$                               **b**    $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 6$   
**c**    $y = 5x - 2$                                       **d**    $y = -3x + 19$

- 7**    $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 3$ , the gradient is  $-\frac{3}{2}$  and the y-intercept is 3.

The line intercepts the axes at  $(0, 3)$  and  $(2, 0)$ .  
Students may sketch the line or give coordinates that lie on the line such as  $\left(1, \frac{3}{2}\right)$  or  $(4, -3)$ .

## Parallel and perpendicular lines

### Answers

**1**   **a**    $y = 3x - 7$

**c**    $y = -\frac{1}{2}x$

**b**    $y = -2x + 5$

**d**    $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 8$

**2**    $y = -2x - 7$

**3**   **a**    $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

**c**    $y = -4x + 35$

**b**    $y = 3x + 7$

**d**    $y = \frac{5}{2}x - 8$

**4**   **a**    $y = -\frac{1}{2}x$

**b**    $y = 2x$

**5**   **a**   Parallel

**d**   Perpendicular

**b**   Neither

**e**   Neither

**c**   Perpendicular

**f**   Parallel

**6**   **a**    $x + 2y - 4 = 0$

**b**    $x + 2y + 2 = 0$

**c**    $y = 2x$

## Volume and surface area of 3D solids

### Answers

**1**   **a**    $V = 396 \text{ cm}^3$       **b**    $V = 75\ 000 \text{ cm}^3$

**c**    $V = 402.5 \text{ cm}^3$

**e**    $V = 1008\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**g**    $V = 121.5\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**i**    $V = 48\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**d**    $V = 200\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**f**    $V = \frac{1372}{3}\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**h**    $V = 18\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**j**    $V = \frac{98}{3}\pi \text{ cm}^3$

**2**    $17 \text{ cm}$

**3**    $17 \text{ cm}$

**4**    $V = x^3 + \frac{17}{2}x^2 + 4x$

**5**    $60 \text{ cm}^3$

**6**    $21.4 \text{ cm}$

**7**    $32 : 9$

**8**    $r = \sqrt[3]{36x}$



## Pythagoras' theorem

### Answers

1    a    10.3 cm                      b    7.07 cm

          c    58.6 mm                      d    8.94 cm

2    a     $4\sqrt{3}$  cm                      b     $2\sqrt{21}$  cm

          c     $8\sqrt{17}$  mm                      d     $18\sqrt{5}$  mm

3    a     $18\sqrt{13}$  mm                      b     $2\sqrt{145}$  mm

          c     $42\sqrt{2}$  mm                      d     $6\sqrt{89}$  mm

4    95.3 mm

5     $64\sqrt{0}$  km

6     $3\sqrt{5}$  units

7     $4\sqrt{3}$  cm

## Trigonometry in right-angled triangles

### Answers

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**1**   **a**   6.49 cm  
     **d**   74.3 mm

**b**   6.93 cm  
     **e**   7.39 cm

**c**   2.80 cm  
     **f**   6.07 cm

**2**   **a**    $36.9^\circ$

**b**    $57.1^\circ$

**c**    $47.0^\circ$

**d**    $38.7^\circ$

**3**   5.71 cm

**4**    $20.4^\circ$

**5**   **a**    $45^\circ$

**b**   1 cm

**c**    $30^\circ$

**d**    $\sqrt{3}$  cm

## The cosine rule

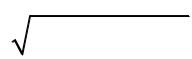
### Answers

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**6**   **a**   6.46 cm      **b**   9.26 cm      **c**   70.8 mm      **d**   9.70 cm

**7**   **a**    $22.2^\circ$       **b**    $52.9^\circ$       **c**    $122.9^\circ$       **d**    $93.6^\circ$

**8**   **a**   13.7 cm      **b**    $76.0^\circ$



## **The sine rule**

### **Answers**

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**9**   **a**   4.33 cm                   **b**      15.0 cm                   **c**      45.2 mm                   **d**      6.39 cm

**10**   **a**   42.8°                   **b**      52.8°                   **c**      53.6°                   **d**      28.2°

**11**   **a**   8.13 cm                   **b**      32.3°

## Area of a triangle using $\frac{1}{2}abs\sin C$

### Answers

**12** **a**  $18.1 \text{ cm}^2$

**b**  $18.7 \text{ cm}^2$

**c**  $693 \text{ mm}^2$

**13**  $5.10 \text{ cm}$

**14** **a**  $6.29 \text{ cm}$

**b**  $84.3^\circ$

**c**  $5.73 \text{ cm}$       **d**  $58.8^\circ$

**15**  $15.3 \text{ cm}$

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